#### § 157.41

- (2) Is discharging an effluent with an oil content of less than 15 parts per million; and
- (3) Has in operation an oil discharge monitoring and control system in compliance with §157.12 and oil separating equipment in compliance with 33 CFR 155.380.

[CGD 74–32, 40 FR 48283, Oct. 14, 1975, as amended by USCG–2000–7641, 66 FR 55573, Nov. 2, 2001; USCG–2004–18939, 74 FR 3382, Jan. 16, 2009]

### §157.41 Emergencies.

Sections 157.27, 157.29, 157.37, and 157.39 do not apply to a tank vessel that discharges into the sea oil or oily mixtures:

- (a) For the purpose of securing the safety of the vessel or for saving life at sea; or
- (b) As a result of damage to the vessel or its equipment if:
- (1) Reasonable precautions are taken after the occurrence of the damage or discovery of the discharge for the purpose of preventing or minimizing the discharge; and
- (2) The owner, master or person in charge did not intend to cause damage, or did not act recklessly and with knowledge that damage of the environment would probably result.

# §157.43 Discharges of clean and segregated ballast: Seagoing tank vessels of 150 gross tons or more.

- (a) Clean ballast may not be discharged overboard unless the discharge is verified as clean ballast through use of an approved oil discharge monitoring and control system or, if discharged before the required oil discharge monitoring and control system installation date, by visual examination of the ballast contents immediately before discharge. This paragraph applies to discharges of clean ballast:
- (1) From dedicated clean ballast tanks; and
- (2) Into the navigable waters of the United States from any other tank.
- (b) Segregated ballast may not be discharged overboard unless a visual examination, or a test of the ballast contents with an oil/water interface detector, immediately before the discharge shows that there is no oily mix-

ture in the ballast. Use of an oil discharge monitoring and control system is not required. This paragraph applies to discharges of segregated ballast:

- (1) Into the navigable waters of the United States: and
- (2) Below the waterline at sea from an existing vessel that does not have an above the waterline discharge point for segregated ballast.
- (c) All discharges of clean ballast and segregated ballast must be through an above waterline discharge point described in §157.11(b)(2), except that:
- (1) A vessel may discharge clean ballast and segregated ballast below the waterline when in port or at an off-shore terminal.
- (2) A vessel may discharge clean ballast and segregated ballast at sea by gravity below the waterline.
- (3) An existing vessel that does not have above waterline discharge points for dedicated clean ballast tanks may discharge clean ballast from those tanks below the waterline at sea.
- (4) An existing vessel that does not have above waterline discharge points for segregated ballast tanks may discharge segregated ballast below the waterline at sea.
- (d) This section applies only to seagoing tank vessels of 150 gross tons or more.

[CGD 76-088b, 48 FR 45721, Oct. 6, 1983; 48 FR 46985, Oct. 17, 1983; USCG-2000-7641, 66 FR 55573, Nov. 2, 2001; USCG-2004-18939, 74 FR 3382, Jan. 16, 2009]

## § 157.45 Valves in cargo or ballast piping system.

When a tank vessel is at sea and the tanks contain oil, valves and closing devices in the cargo or ballast piping system or in the transfer system must be kept closed except they may be opened for cargo or ballast transfer to trim the vessel.

### § 157.47 Information for master.

- A master or person in charge of a new vessel shall operate the vessel in accordance with the information required in 46 CFR 31.10-30(d) that includes the following:
  - (a) Stability information.